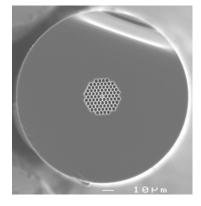


## NL-3.3-890-02



# Highly nonlinear PCF

Our highly nonlinear photonic crystal fibers guide light in a small solid silica core, surrounded by a microstructured cladding formed by a periodic arrangement of air holes in silica. The optical properties of the core closely resemble those of a rod of glass suspended in air, resulting in strong confinement of the light and, correspondingly, a large nonlinear coefficient. By selecting the appropriate core diameter, the zero-dispersion wavelength can be chosen over a wide range in the visible and near infrared spectrum, making these fibers particularly suited to supercontinuum generation with Ti:Sapphire or diode-pumped Nd<sup>3+</sup>-laser sources.

Nonlinearity: 37 W<sup>-1</sup> km<sup>-1</sup> Zero dispersion λ=890nm Single material Spliceable

#### Unique properties of Highly nonlinear PCF

- Zero dispersion wavelengths from 670-880 nm available
- Nonlinear coefficients up to 190 W<sup>-1</sup>km<sup>-1</sup> available (cf 1.1 W<sup>-1</sup>km<sup>-1</sup> for SMF 28 at 1550 nm)
- Near-Gaussian mode profile

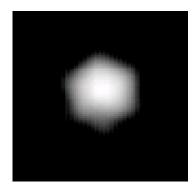
#### **Applications**

- Supercontinuum generation for frequency metrology, spectroscopy or optical coherence tomography
- Four-wave mixing and self-phase modulation for switching, pulse-forming and wavelength conversion applications
- Raman amplification

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Typical measured near field profile (log scale)

#### **Optical properties**

	Zero dispersion wavelength ( $\lambda_0$ )	890±5 nm
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0.33 ps nm<sup>-2</sup> km<sup>-1</sup>

- Dispersion slope at  $\lambda_0$
- Attenuation λο 10 dB/km < 1550 nm 5 dB/km < 1380 nm 40 dB/km < 1000 nm 10 dB/km < 600 nm < 20 dB/km Mode field diameter<sup>1</sup> at  $\lambda_0$ 2.1±0.1 µm
  - Numerical aperture<sup>2</sup> at  $\lambda_0$  0.35
  - Effective nonlinear area<sup>3</sup> 4.8 µm<sup>2</sup>
  - Nonlinear coefficient<sup>4</sup> at  $\lambda_0$  37 W<sup>-1</sup> km<sup>-1</sup>

#### Physical properties

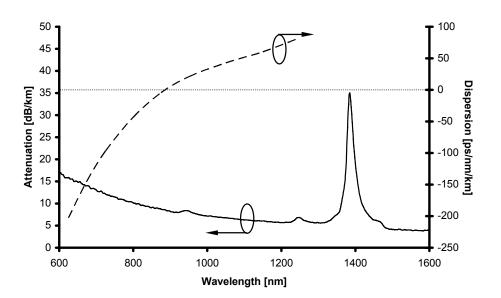
- Core diameter (average) 3.2±0.1µm
- Pitch (distance between cladding holes) 3.1 µm
- Air Filling Fraction in the holey region
  >88%
- Width of struts holding the core 120 nm
- Diameter of holey region 32 µm
- Diameter of outer silica cladding (OD) 154 µm
- Coating diameter (single layer acrylate) 220 µm
- Available length up to 1 km

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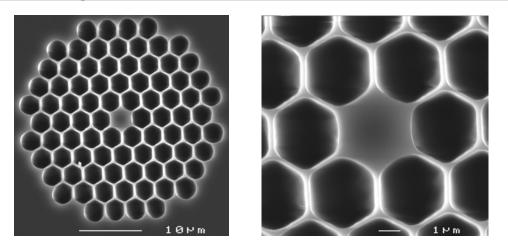




#### Typical attenuation spectrum and chromatic dispersion



SEM image of PCF region and core



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### Notes

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- 1 Full 1/e-width of the near field intensity distribution
- 2 Sine of half angle at which a Gaussian fit to the far field intensity distribution has dropped to 1% of its peak value

3 
$$A_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\left(\int_{\infty} |\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r})|^2 d^2 \mathbf{r}\right)^2}{\int_{\text{silica}} |\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r})|^4 d^2 \mathbf{r}}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{2\pi n_2}{A_{eff}\lambda}$$

n<sub>2</sub>≈2.5x10<sup>-20</sup> m<sup>2</sup> W<sup>-1</sup> for silica

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