

## Hermetically Sealed Piezoelectric Actuator, 150 V, 17.0 $\mu\text{m}$

PH24SRW

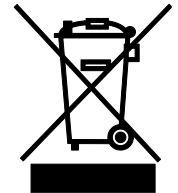


### Description

The PH24SRW hermetically sealed piezoelectric actuator consists of a metal bellows and internal discrete piezo stack. It offers a maximum displacement of  $17.0 \mu\text{m} \pm 15\%$ . A red wire is attached to the electrode that should receive positive bias and a black wire is attached to the electrode that should be grounded.

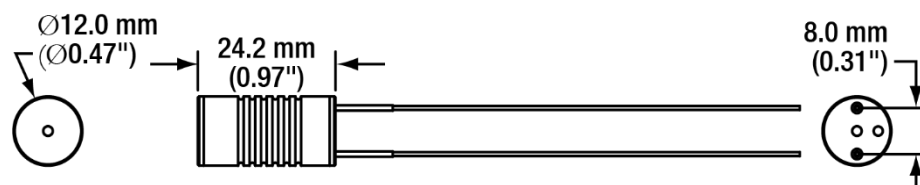
### Specifications

PH24SRW <sup>a</sup>	
Drive Voltage Range	0 - 150 V
Displacement (Free Stroke) at 150 V	$17.0 \mu\text{m} \pm 15\%$
Hysteresis	<15% (See Graph on Next Page)
Load (Recommended) <sup>b</sup>	200 N (45 lbs)
Blocking Force at 150 V	900 N (203 lbs)
Resonant Frequency	22 kHz (No Load)
Maximum Operating Frequency <sup>c</sup>	900 Hz
Impedance at Resonant Frequency	$2 \Omega$
Dissipation Factor <sup>d</sup>	<2.0%
Capacitance <sup>d</sup>	$1600 \text{ nF} \pm 15\%$
Operating Temperature	-25 to 130 °C
Curie Temperature	230 °C
Vacuum Compatibility <sup>e</sup>	$10^{-8}$ Torr
Outer Dimensions	OD: $12.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ Length: $24.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$



- All specifications are quoted at 25 °C, unless otherwise stated.
- The displacement may vary slightly for different loads, and the maximum displacement occurs when used with the recommended load.
- Operating above this frequency may cause high temperature heating to the piezo and lead to depolarization and even failure.
- Specified at 1 kHz, 1 V<sub>RMS</sub>.
- It is recommended to clean the part with isopropyl alcohol (IPA) in an ultrasonic immersion tank and then bake it at 60 °C for two hours. If using a custom baking process, the maximum baking temperature should be less than 150 °C and the baking time should be less than 2 hours.

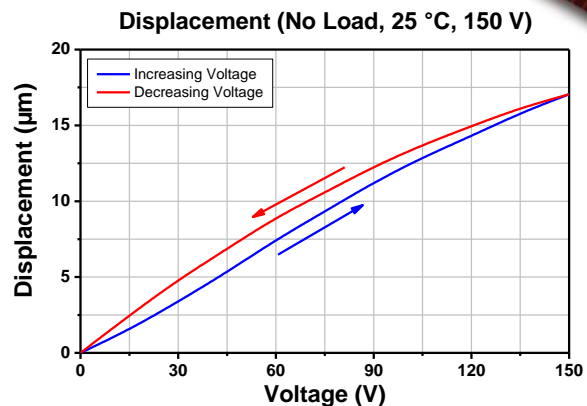
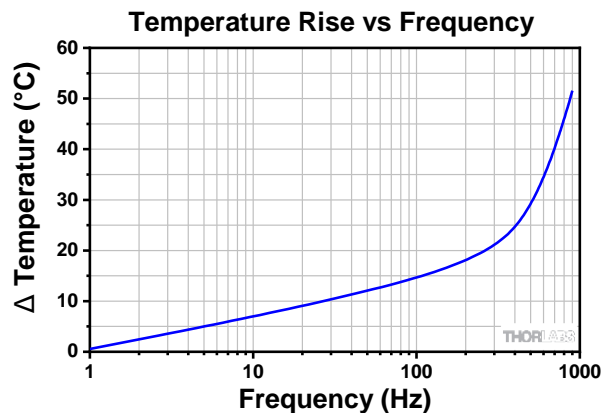
### Drawing



December 6, 2021

CTN014895-S01, Rev C

## Typical Performance Plots



These temperature increases were measured after applying a sine-wave drive voltage ranging from 0 to 150 V at the specified frequency for 10 minutes.

## Operation

### Electrical Considerations

- The electrode attached to the red wire should be positively biased and the electrode attached to the black wire should be grounded. The recommended maximum drive voltage is 150 V and the absolute maximum voltage is 150 V. Exceeding 150 V will decrease the device's lifespan and may cause mechanical failure. Reverse biasing the device may cause mechanical failure.
- Caution:** After driving, the piezo is fully charged. Directly connecting the red and black wires has the risk of electricity discharging, spark, and even failure. We recommend using a resistor ( $>1$  k $\Omega$ ) between the wires to release the charge.

### Mounting Options

- Loads should only be attached to the top and bottom surfaces of the cap and we recommend mounting/clamping the actuator via the two cone-shaped grooves using end hemispheres with  $<6$  mm diameter (such as Item #s PKCESP, PKDESP, PKJESP and PKFESP), as shown in the image to the right.
- The wire exits can be bent nearly  $90^{\circ}$  to let the end hemispheres contact the groove on the bottom cap. The base of the wire exit is a short copper pin that is difficult to bend. It may be bent once or twice, but bending it 10 times or more will destroy the soldering joints.



### Storage Instructions

- Do not store the device at temperatures above  $80^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Do not store the device in humid environments. The relative humidity (RH) should be less than 40%.
- Do not immerse the device in organic solvents.
- Do not use the device around combustible gases or liquids.

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