THORLARS

Mounted Si Photodiode

SM1PD1B



Descriptions

Thorlabs' SM1PD1B photodiode is ideal for measuring both pulsed and CW fiber light sources by converting optical power to electrical current. The detector is mounted in a convenient SM1 (Ø1.035"-40) externally threaded tube for easy mounting and integration in to existing set up. The photodiode is a *Type B (Anode Grounded)* arrangement, and the pin codes for the specific package can be found in the drawing below. The photodiode anode produces a current, which is a function of the incident light power (P) and the wavelength (λ). The responsivity, $\Re(\lambda)$, can be read from the responsivity curve (below) to estimate the amount of photocurrent to expect. This current can be converted to a voltage by placing a load resistor (R_L) from the photodiode anode to the circuit ground. Where P is the power, the output voltage is expressed by

$$V_o = P \times \Re(\lambda) \times R_L$$

The bandwidth, f_{BW} , and the rise time response, t_R , are determined from the diode capacitance, C_J , and the load resistance, R_L , as shown below. The diode capacitance can be lowered by placing a bias voltage from the photodiode cathode to the circuit ground. Ω

$$f_{BW} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)R_LC_I}, t_R = \frac{0.35}{f_{BW}}$$

Specifications

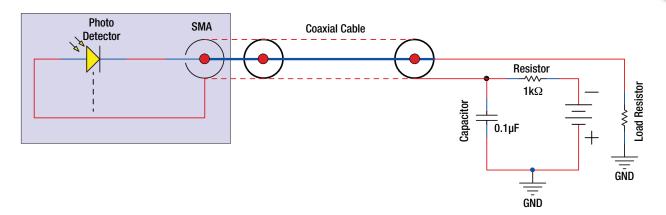
Specifications ^a		
Wavelength Range	λ	350 - 1100 nm
Peak Wavelength	λ_{P}	970 nm
Responsivity	$\Re(\lambda)$	0.725 A/W
Active Area		10 x 10 mm Behind Ø9 mm Clear Aperture
Rise/Fall Time (632 nm, R_L =50 Ω , 5 V)	t _r /t _f	65 ns
NEP, Typical (970 nm, 5 V)	W/√Hz	2.07 x 10 ⁻¹³
Dark Current (5 V)	I _d	600 nA (Max)
Capacitance (5 V)	C _j	375 pF (Typ.)
Package		SM1, External Thread
Sensor Material		Si
Corresponding Unmounted Diode		FDS1010

Maximum Rating		
Max Bias (Reverse) Voltage	25 V	
Reverse Current	10 mA	
Operating Temperature	-10 to 60 °C	
Storage Temperature	-20 to 70 °C	

a. Unless otherwise noted, all measurements are performed at 25 °C ambient temperature.



Recommended Circuit Diagram

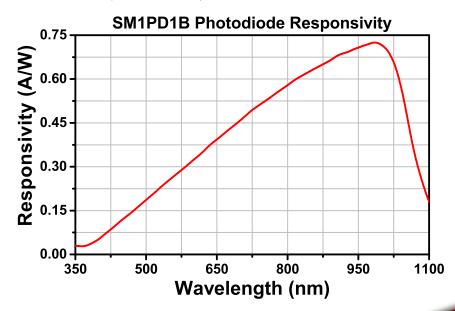


Responsivity Graph

The responsivity of a photodiode is a measure of its sensitivity to light and is defined as the ratio of the photocurrent I_P to the incident light power P at a given wavelength:

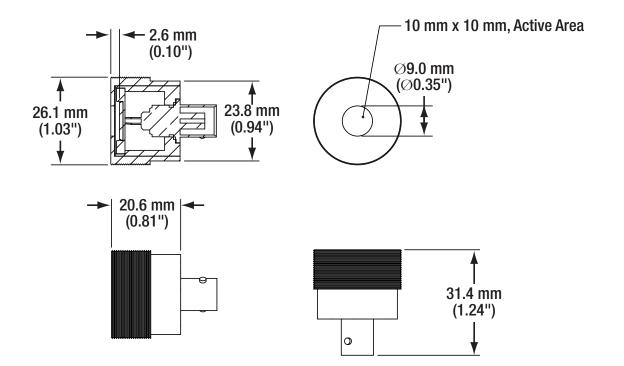
$$R_{\lambda} = \frac{I_P}{P}$$

In other words, it is a measure of the effectiveness of the conversion of light power into electrical current. Responsivity varies from lot to lot and with the wavelength of the incident light, applied reverse bias, and temperature. It increases slightly with applied reverse bias due to improved charge collection efficiency in the photodiode. The change in temperature increases or decreases the width of the band gap and varies inversely with the temperature.





Drawing





Precautions and Warranty Information

These products are ESD (electro static discharge) sensitive and as a result are not covered under warranty. In order to ensure the proper functioning of a photodiode care must be given to maintain the highest standards of compliance to the maximum electrical specifications when handling such devices. The photodiodes are particularly sensitive to any value that exceeds the absolute maximum ratings of the product. Any applied voltage in excess of the maximum specification will cause damage and possible complete failure to the product. The user must use handling procedures that prevent any electro static discharges or other voltage surges when handling or using these devices.

Thorlabs, Inc. Life Support and Military Use Application Policy is stated below:

THORLABS' PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR IN ANY MILITARY APPLICATION WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF THORLABS, INC. As used herein:

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- 2. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system or to affect its safety or effectiveness.
- 3. The Thorlabs products described in this document are not intended nor warranted for usage in Military Applications.