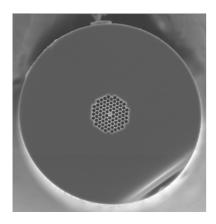


NL-2.8-850-02



Nonlinearity: 47 W⁻¹ km⁻¹
Zero dispersion λ=850nm
Single material
Spliceable

Highly nonlinear PCF

Our highly nonlinear photonic crystal fibers guide light in a small solid silica core, surrounded by a microstructured cladding formed by a periodic arrangement of air holes in silica. The optical properties of the core closely resemble those of a rod of glass suspended in air, resulting in strong confinement of the light and, correspondingly, a large nonlinear coefficient. By selecting the appropriate core diameter, the zero-dispersion wavelength can be chosen over a wide range in the visible and near infrared spectrum, making these fibers particularly suited to supercontinuum generation with Ti:Sapphire or diode-pumped Nd³+-laser sources.

Unique properties of Highly nonlinear PCF

- Zero dispersion wavelengths from 670-880 nm available
- Nonlinear coefficients up to 190 W⁻¹km⁻¹ available (cf 1.1 W⁻¹km⁻¹ for SMF 28 at 1550 nm)
- Near-Gaussian mode profile

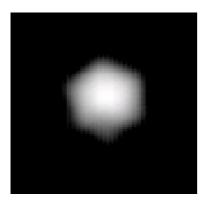
Applications

- Supercontinuum generation for frequency metrology, spectroscopy or optical coherence tomography
- Four-wave mixing and self-phase modulation for switching, pulse-forming and wavelength conversion applications
- Raman amplification

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Typical measured near field profile (log scale)

Optical properties

| • | Zero dispersion wavelength (λ_0) | | | 850±5 nm |
|---|--|-------------|--------|--------------------------------------|
| • | Dispersion slope at λ_0 | | 0.48 p | s·nm ⁻² ·km ⁻¹ |
| • | Attenuation | λ_0 | < | 10 dB/km |
| | | 1550 nm | < | 6 dB/km |
| | | 1380 nm | < | 40 dB/km |
| | | 1000 nm | < | 10 dB/km |
| | | 600 nm | < | 17 dB/km |
| • | Mode field diameter $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ at λ_0 | | | 1.9±0.1 µm |
| • | Numerical aperture 2 at λ_0 | | | 0.38 |
| • | Effective nonlinear area ³ | | | 4.0 µm² |
| • | Nonlinear coefficient 4 at λ_0 | | | 47 W-1 ·km-1 |

Physical properties

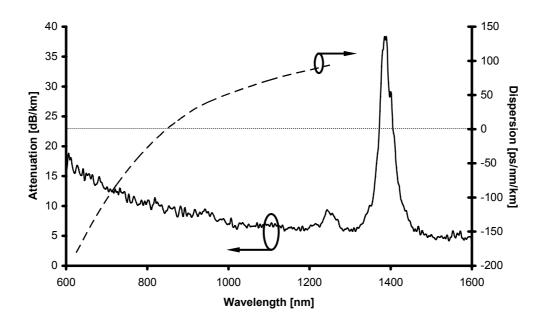
| • | Core diameter (average) | 2.8±0.1µm |
|---|--|------------|
| • | Pitch (distance between cladding holes) | 2.7 µm |
| • | Air Filling Fraction in the holey region | >88% |
| • | Width of struts holding the core | 160 nm |
| • | Diameter of holey region | 28 µm |
| • | Diameter of outer silica cladding (OD) | 136 µm |
| • | Coating diameter (single layer acrylate) | 220 µm |
| • | Available length | up to 1 km |

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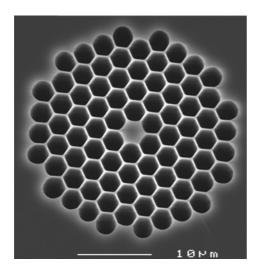


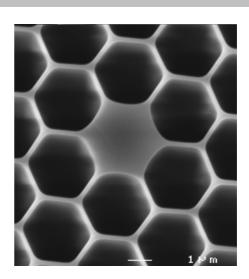


Typical attenuation spectrum and chromatic dispersion



SEM image of PCF region and core





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Notes

- 1 Full 1/e-width of the near field intensity distribution
- 2 Sine of half angle at which a Gaussian fit to the far field intensity distribution has dropped to 1% of its peak value

$$A_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\left(\int\limits_{\infty} \left| \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) \right|^2 d^2 \mathbf{r} \right)^2}{\int\limits_{\text{silica}} \left| \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) \right|^4 d^2 \mathbf{r}}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{2\pi n_2}{A_{eff} \lambda}$$

$$n_2 \approx 2.5 \times 10^{-20} \text{ m}^2 \text{ W}^{-1} \text{ for silica}$$